

Service of Process Transmittal

08/17/2021

CT Log Number 540094757

To: Terry Brewer

Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation

6324 Taylor Dr Flint, MI 48507-4685

RE: Process Served in North Carolina

FOR: Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation, Inc. (Domestic State: MI)

#### ENCLOSED ARE COPIES OF LEGAL PROCESS RECEIVED BY THE STATUTORY AGENT OF THE ABOVE COMPANY AS FOLLOWS:

TITLE OF ACTION:

DINAH ANNOH, PLTF. vs. MERCHANTS & MEDICAL CREDIT CORPORATION, INC., DFT.

DOCUMENT(S) SERVED:

---

COURT/AGENCY:

None Specified Case # 21CVS6754

ON WHOM PROCESS WAS SERVED:

CT Corporation System, Raleigh, NC

DATE AND HOUR OF SERVICE:

By Certified Mail on 08/17/2021 postmarked on 08/12/2021

JURISDICTION SERVED .

North Carolina

APPEARANCE OR ANSWER DUE:

None Specified

ATTORNEY(S) / SENDER(S):

None Specified

**ACTION ITEMS:** 

SOP Papers with Transmittal, via UPS Next Day Air, 1ZX212780113559699

REGISTERED AGENT ADDRESS:

CT Corporation System 160 Mine Lake CT Suite 200 Raleigh, NC 27615

866-539-8692

CorporationTeam@wolterskluwer.com

The information contained in this Transmittal is provided by CT for quick reference only. It does not constitute a legal opinion, and should not otherwise be relied on, as to the nature of action, the amount of damages, the answer date, or any other information contained in the included documents. The recipient(s) of this form is responsible for reviewing and interpreting the included documents and taking appropriate action, including consulting with its legal and other advisors as necessary. CT disclaims all liability for the information contained in this form, including for any omissions or inaccuracies that may be contained therein



Tracy M. Smith 900 W. Morgan Street Raleigh, NC 27603 tsmith@milberg.com

August 12, 2021

### SENT VIA CERTIFIED MAIL

Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation, Inc. c/o Corporate Creations Network, Inc., Registered Agent 160 Mine Lake Ct., Ste. 200 Raleigh, NC 27615

Re: Dinah Annoh v. Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation, Inc.

Guilford Co., NC; Civil Superior Case No.: 21-cvs-6754

### Dear Registered Agent:

Enclosed is a copy of the Summons and Complaint in the above captioned matter. Please forward these documents to corporate counsel and/or outside law firm representing Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation, Inc. If you would like to discuss this matter after you have reviewed the documents, feel free to give us a call or send an email.

Sincerely,

Tracy M. Smith

Paralegal

**Enclosures** 

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA	File No. 21 CV5 CP 754
GUILFORD County	tn The General Court Of Justice ☐ District ☑ Superior Court Division
Name Of Plaintiff	
DINAH ANNOH Address	
	CIVIL SUMMONS
City, State, Ztp	☐ ALIAS AND PLURIES SUMMONS (ASSESS FEE)
VERSUS Name Of Defendant(s)	G.S. 1A-1, Rules 3 and 4 Date Original Summons Issued
MERCHANTS & MEDICAL CREDIT CORPORATION, INC.	part outfaith datamore 199000
	Date(s) Subsequent Summons(es) Issued
To Each Of The Defendant(s) Named Below:	
Name And Address Of Defendant 1	Name And Address Of Defendant 2
MERCHANTS & MEDICAL CREDIT CORPORATION, INC.	
c/o CT Corporation System, Registered Agent 160 Mine Lake Ct., Ste. 200	
Raleigh NC 27615	
acerca de su caso y, de ser necesario, hablar documentos!  A Civil Action Has Been Commenced Against You!  You are notified to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff at 1. Serve a copy of your written answer to the complaint upon the particle. You may serve your answer by delivering a copy to the	plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney within thirty (30) days after you have been plaintiff or by mailing it to the plaintiff's last known address, and
2. File the original of the written answer with the Clerk of Superior	-
If you fail to answer the complaint, the plaintiff will apply to the Cour	t for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Name And Address Of Plaintiff's Attorney (If none, Address Of Plaintiff)  SCOTT C. HARRIS  MILBERG COLEMAN BRYSON PHILLIPS GROSSMAN, PLLC  900 W. MORGAN STREET  RALEIGH  NC 27603	Date Issued  JUL 2 0 2021  Signature  Deputy CSC Assistant CSC Clerk Of Superior Court
ENDORSEMENT (ASSESS FEE) This Summons was originally issued on the date indicated	Date Of Endorsement Time AM PM Signature
above and returned not served. At the request of the plaintiff, the time within which this Summons must be served is	
extended sixty (50) days.	Deputy CSC Assistant CSC Clerk Of Superior Court
NOTE TO PARTIES: Many counties have MANDATORY ARBITRATION less are heard by an arbitrator before a trial. The paso, what procedure is to be followed.	programs in which most cases where the amount in controversy is \$25,000 or urties will be notified if this case is assigned for mandatory arbitration, and, if
"	Over)
AOC-CV-100, Rev. 4/18 © 2018 Administrative Office of the Courts	· .

certify that this Summ	nons and a copy of the co	omplaint were receive	ed and served as follows:	
,			IDANT 1	
ale Served	Time Served	DEFER	Nama Of Defendant	
		☐ AM ☐ PM		
By delivering to the	e defendant named abov	e a copy of the sumn	nons and complaint	
			house or usual place of abode of the defendant named at	nove with :
person of suitable	age and discretion then	residing therein.	The second secon	JOY 2 WILL !
As the defendant i below.	s a corporation, service v	vas effected by delive	ering a copy of the summons and complaint to the person n	named
Name And Address O	Person With Whom Copies Lei	t (il corporation, give title o	person copies left with)	
	•	1		
1		ì	•	
		j	•	
Other manner of s	ervice (specify)	<del></del>		
		!		
		ì		
☐ Defendant WAS N	IOT served for the following	ing reason;		
		-		
				•
<del></del> ·	<del></del>	DEFE	NDANT 2	···
ate Sarved	Time Served		Name Of Defendant	
		M9 MA		
By delivering to th	e defendant named abov	e a copy of the summ	nons and complaint	
By leaving a copy	of the summons and con	nplaint at the dwelling	g house or usual place of abode of the defendant named at	hove with
person of suitable	age and discretion then	residing therein.		
As the defendant	is a corporation, service :	was effected by delive	ering a copy of the summons and complaint to the person r	named
below.				
Nama And Address C	f Person With Whom Coples Le	ft (If corporation, give title o	f person copies laft with)	
		· <del></del> ·_		
Other manner of s	service (specify)			
			1	
Defendant WAS N	IOT served for the follow	ing reason:	1	
			. \	
			1	
iervice Fee Pald			Signature Of Deputy Sheriff Making Return	
Date Received	<del></del>		Mi-O(S) - II O	
1000/100			Name Of Shariff (type or print)	
Pale Of Return			County Of Sheriff	

MILBERG COLEMAN BRYSON PHILLIPS GROSSMAN DITC

P.O. Box 12 Raleigh, NC CERTIFIED MAIL

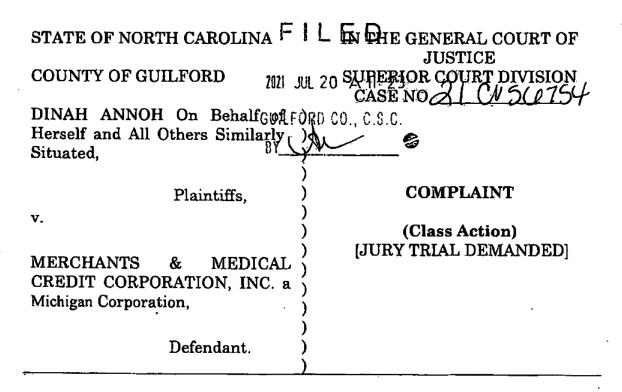




7020 1290 0002 0123 9651



Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation, Inc. c/o Corporate Creations Network, Inc., Registered Agent 160 Mine Lake Ct., Ste. 200 Raleigh, NC 27615



Plaintiff Dinah Annoh ("Annoh" or "Plaintiff"), on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, through counsel, files this Class Action Complaint against Merchants & Medical Credit Corporation, Inc. (hereinafter, "Defendant") and states as follows:

# **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

- 1. Action to recover damages for violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. ("FDCPA") and North Carolina Debt Collection Act, N.C.G.S. § 75-50, et seq. ("NCDCA").
- 2. Defendant unreasonably disclosed, communicated and/or publicized information regarding Plaintiff's debts and all others similarly situated to another person.

3. This class action is filed pursuant to Rule 23 of the Rules of Civil Procedure on behalf of all consumers Defendant unlawfully communicated information regarding consumer debt to a third party, in violation of North Carolina and Federal law as further set forth herein.

# **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 4. The foregoing allegations are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 5. This Court has jurisdiction over the parties and this action pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 42-44, N.C.G.S. § 25-1-305, N.C.G.S. §§ 75-16 and 56, N.C.G.S. § 1-75.4 and N.C.G.S. § 1-253.
- 6. Venue is proper under N.C.G.S. § 1-80 in that Plaintiff Annoh resides in Guilford County and Defendant has regularly engaged in business in Guilford County, North Carolina.

# **PARTIES**

- 7. Plaintiff Annoh is a citizen and resident of Guilford, North Carolina, a "consumer" as defined in 15 U.S.C. 1692a(3) and N.C.G.S. § 75-50(1), and allegedly owes a "debt" as defined in 15 U.S.C. 1692a(5) and N.C.G.S. § 75-50(2) to Defendant.
- 8. Defendant is a Michigan Corporation, existing under the laws of the State of Michigan, with a principal office and place of business at 6324 Taylor Drive Flint, MI 48507-4680. Defendant transacts business in this state and

throughout the country and can be served through its registered agent, CT Corporation System at 160 Mine Lake Ct Ste 200 Raleigh, NC 27615-6417.

## FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 9. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) and N.C.G.S. § 75-50(3).
- 10. Defendant is regularly engaged in the business of collecting debt allegedly owed by consumers to others for profit in the State of North Carolina. Its employees, affiliates, directors, agents, vendors, and attorneys act under the direction and supervision of Defendant within the scope of their actual or apparent authority. Therefore, Defendant is responsible and/or vicariously liable for the actions of its employees, affiliates, directors, agents, vendors and attorneys under, *inter alia*, the theory of *Respondeat Superior*. All references to Defendant mean Defendant, its owners, officers, agents, and/or employees.
  - 11. The principal purpose of Defendant's business is debt collection.
- 12. Defendant uses instrumentalities of intrastate and interstate commerce, including telephone and mail in furtherance of its debt collection business.
  - 13. Defendant alleges Plaintiff owes a debt ("Debt").
- 14. The Debt is an alleged obligation of Plaintiff to pay money arising out of a transaction in which the money, property, insurance, or services which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for personal, family, or

household purposes.

- 15. The Debt does not arise from any business enterprise of Plaintiff.
- 16. The Debt is a "debt" as that term is defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5) and N.C.G.S. § 75-50(2).
- 17. At an exact time known only to Defendant, the Debt was assigned or otherwise transferred to Defendant for collection.
- 18. Upon information and belief, at time the Debt was assigned or otherwise transferred to Defendant for collection, the Debt was in default.
- 19. In effort to collect the Debt, Defendant contacted Plaintiffs by written correspondence.
- 20. Rather than preparing and mailing such written correspondence to Plaintiffs on its own, Defendant used a third-party vendor to perform such activities on its behalf.
- 21. As part of utilization, Defendant conveyed information regarding the Debt to the third-party vendor.
- 22. Defendant's conveyance of information regarding the Debt to a third-party vendor is a communication as that term is defined in 15 U.S.C. 1692a(2).
- 23. Defendant's conveyance of information regarding the Debt to a third-party vendor is an unreasonable publication as described in N.C.G.S. § 75-53.

- 24. The third-party vendor then populated some or all this information into a prewritten template, printed, and mailed the letters to Plaintiff at Defendant's direction.
- 25. Plaintiff received and read two letters dated September 21, 2020 and November 30, 2020 concerning a debt owed by Annoh to Capital One, N.A. in the amount of \$910.26
  - 26. The letter received by Plaintiff is referred to hereafter as "Letter."
- 27. The Letter was the initial written communication Plaintiff received from Defendant concerning the Debt.

## CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 28. The forgoing allegations are hereby reincorporated by reference as if fully restated herein.
- 29. Pursuant to Rule of Civil Procedure 23, Plaintiffs bring this action individually and on behalf of the following classes which are tentatively defined as:
  - NC Class: All consumers throughout the State of North Carolina where Defendant sent information concerning consumers' Debt to a third party without written permission of the consumer, which disclosure was made on or after a date four (4) years prior and to the filing of this Complaint.
  - FDCPA Subclass: All consumers in North Carolina where Defendant sent information concerning consumers' Debt to a third party without prior consent of the consumer, which disclosure was made on or after one (1) year prior to the filing of this Complaint.

- 30. Excluded from the classes are: (a) any Judge or Magistrate presiding over this action and members of their families; (b) Defendant and any entity in which Defendant has a controlling interest and its legal representatives, assigns and successors; and (c) all persons and entities who properly execute and file a timely request for exclusion from the Class.
- 31. Numerosity: Plaintiff is unable to provide a specific number of members in each of the classes because that information is solely in the possession of Defendant. However, the exact number of class members, including the names and addresses of all class members, will be easily ascertained through a review of Defendant's business records. Upon information and belief, each class contains at least hundreds of consumers and likely exceeds several thousand consumers and is therefore so numerous that joinder of all members would be impracticable.
- 32. Commonality: Common questions of law and fact predominate over any individual issues that may be presented, because Defendant's conveyance of information to a third party in a single action or series of actions constituted thousands of unlawful disclosures at substantially the same time. Common questions include, but are not limited to:

- a. Whether Defendant's transmission of information concerning Plaintiffs and all others similarly situated constitutes a violation of the FDCPA;
- b. Whether Defendant communicated with any person other than the consumer, his attorney, consumer reporting agency, the creditor, or the attorney of the creditor, in connection with the collection of any debt in violation of the FDCPA;
- c. Whether Defendant unreasonably publicized information regarding a consumer's debt in violation of the NCDCA; and
- d. Whether Defendant communicated with any person other than the debtor or their attorney in violation of the NCDCA.
- 33. Typicality: The claims of Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the proposed class and all are based on the same facts and legal theories, as all such claims arise out of Defendant's conduct.
- 34. Adequate Representation: Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the class in that she does not have antagonistic or conflicting claims with other members of the class. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in the prosecution of complex class actions, specifically including experience with consumer class actions.
  - 35. Neither Plaintiff nor counsel has any interests that might cause

them not to vigorously pursue this action. Plaintiff is aware of her responsibilities to the putative class and have accepted such responsibilities.

36. Predominance and Superiority: The classes are appropriate for certification because questions of law and fact common to the members of the classes predominate over questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual joinder of all members of the classes is impracticable. Should individual class members be required to bring separate actions, this Court or courts in other jurisdictions would be confronted with a multiplicity of lawsuits burdening the court system while also creating the risk of inconsistent rulings and contradictory judgments. In contrast to proceeding on a case-by-case basis, in which inconsistent results will magnify the delay and expense to all parties and the court system, this class action presents far fewer management difficulties while providing unitary adjudication, economies of scale and comprehensive supervision by a single court.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION Violations of Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. (On behalf of the FDCPA Sub-Class)

37. The forgoing allegations are hereby incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

- 38. Defendant acts as a "debt collector," as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
  - 39. Defendant acted as a "debt collector" in contacting Plaintiffs.
- 40. Plaintiff and all members of the Sub-Class are "consumers," as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3) since they are natural persons allegedly obligated to pay a consumer debt.
- 41. At all material times, Plaintiff's Debts and the Debts of the Sub-Class members were "debt," as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).
- 42. Defendant has collected or attempted to collect debt in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(b), in that it disclosed information to a third party without prior consent of the consumer.
- 43. FDCPA section 1692c(b) states in pertinent part that "without the prior consent of the consumer given directly to the debt collector, or the express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, or as reasonably necessary to effectuate a post judgment judicial remedy, a debt collector may not communicate, in connection with the collection of any debt, with any person other than the consumer, his attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or the attorney of the debt collector."
- 44. The third party does not fall within any exceptions provided for in 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(b).

- 45. The United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit has recently ruled that a Defendant's transmittal of a Plaintiff's personal debt-related information to a third-party letter preparation vendor constitutes a communication "in connection with the collection of any debt" within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(b) and such action, without the debtor's authorization, constitutes a violation of said statute. See, Hunstein v. Preferred Collection & Mgmt. Servs.; Inc., No. 19-14434, 2021 WL 1556069, (11th Cir. Apr. 21, 2021).
- 46. In <u>Hunstein</u>, *Id.*, the debt collector ("Preferred Collection and Management Services, Inc.") electronically transmitted data regarding a consumer's ("Mr. Hunstein") debt, namely, his status as a debtor, the balance of the debt, the entity to which he owed the debt and the subject of such debt to a third-party vendor, for the purpose of creating, printing and mailing a "dunning" letter to the debtor.
- 47. The core facts presented to the Appeals Court in the <u>Hunstein</u>'s case are virtually identical to those alleged in this Complaint.
- 48. Plaintiff did not consent to Defendant's communication to the third party concerning the Debts.
- 49. Plaintiff did not consent to Defendant's communication to the third party concerning Plaintiff's personal and/or confidential information.
  - 50. Plaintiff did not consent to Defendant's communication with

anyone concerning the Debts or Plaintiff's personal and/or confidential information.

- 51. Upon belief, Defendant has used a third party for these purposes thousands of times.
- 52. Defendant uses a third party for the sole purpose of maximizing profit.
- 53. Defendant uses a third party without regard to the propriety and privacy of the information it discloses to such third party.
- 54. Defendant uses a third party with reckless disregard for the harm to Plaintiffs and the Sub-Class that could result from Defendant's unauthorized disclosure of private and sensitive information to the third party.
- 55. 15 U.S.C. § 1692f provides a debt collector may not use unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect a debt.
- 56. The unauthorized disclosure of a consumer's private and sensitive information is both unfair and unconscionable.
- 57. Defendant disclosed Plaintiff's private and sensitive information to a third party in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692f.
- 58. As a result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, Plaintiff and the Sub-Class Members are entitled to actual and statutory damages, reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

# Violations of North Carolina Debt Collection Act, N.C.G.S. § 75-50, et seq.

# (On behalf of the NC Class)

- 59. The foregoing allegations are hereby incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 60. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by the NCDCA, N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
- 61. Plaintiff and the North Carolina Class are "consumers" as that term is defined by N.C.G.S. § 75-50.
- 62. N.C.G.S. § 75-53 prohibits debt collectors from unreasonably publicizing information regarding a consumer's debt including, but not limited to, any communication with any person other than the debtor or his/her attorney.
- 63. Defendant violated N.C.G.S. § 75-53 by communicating information concerning consumer debts to a third party without the written permission of the debtors.
- 64. Plaintiff, and others similarly situated, are entitled to recover statutory damages under the NCDCA for each instance in which an improper communication occurred.
- 65. As a result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, Plaintiffs and the Class Members are entitled to actual and statutory damages, reasonable

attorney's fees and costs.

### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

# Violation of the North Carolina Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Act: N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1 (on behalf of the NC Class)

- 66. The foregoing allegations are hereby incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 67. Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 75-56(a), "the specific and general provisions of [the NCDCA] shall exclusively constitute the unfair or deceptive acts or practices proscribed by G.S. 75-1.1 in the area of commerce regulated by this Article."
- 68. Defendant's operation with consumers and consumer debt constitutes commerce.
- 69. N.C.G.S. § 75-1.1 (the "UDTPA") prohibits "unfair methods of competition in or affecting commerce, and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce."
  - 70. The specific acts by Defendant are in or affecting commerce.
- 71. The specific acts by Defendant are unfair and deceptive, as defined by the UDTPA.
- 72. Plaintiff have been subjected to pecuniary and non-pecuniary injuries resulting from Defendant's unfair and deceptive conduct.
  - 73. Plaintiff and others similarly situated are entitled to recover

treble damages, attorney's fees and costs if allowed by the discretion of the Court pursuant to Chapter 75 of the North Carolina General Statutes.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and all others similarly situated pray the Court for judgment as set forth below:

- Certifying this action as a class action as provided by Rule 23 of the Rules of Civil Procedure, appointing Plaintiffs as class representatives, and appointing the undersigned as Class Counsel;
- 2. Finding Defendant violated the FDCPA;
- 3. Finding Defendant violated the NCDCA;
- 4. Adjudging Defendant liable under the causes of actions asserted above, and awarding Plaintiffs and the members of the NC Class and FDCPA Sub-Class (collectively, "Class Members") actual and statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1692k and N.C.G.S § 75-56;
- Awarding Plaintiff and Class Members their reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to the FDCPA and NCDCA;
- 6. That the compensatory damages of Plaintiff and the Class

  Members be trebled by the Court pursuant to Chapter 75 of the

  North Carolina General Statutes:

- 7. For punitive damages to the extent allowed by law;
- 8. The costs of this action be taxed against Defendant;
- 9. For a trial by jury on all issues so triable;
- 10. Awarding pre- and post-judgment interest as allowed by law; and
- 11. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted, this Land day of July 2021.

MILBERG COLEMAN BRYSON PHILLIPS CROSSMAN PLLC

Scott C. Harris

N.C. Bar No.: 35328 Patrick M. Wallace

N.C. Bar No.: 48138

900 W. Morgan Street Raleigh, North Carolina 27603

Telephone: (919) 600-5000 Facsimile: (919) 600-5035

sharris@milberg.com pwallace@milberg.com